

# **PJLink Specifications**

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# 1. Overview

As the demand for projectors/displays increases with the popularization of personal computers, many manufacturers have branched out into projector/display markets.

With the recent diversification of digital media and growth of IP networks, projectors/displays with a higher utility value, namely support for networks, become popular in the market.

Network-ready projectors/displays provide significant convenience for users: the constraints of placement location and distance are relaxed and it is possible to control and monitor more than one projector/display at once.

However, the convenience can be impaired by differences among manufacturers in control system configuration and command type. Projector/Display control software provided by a specific manufacturer can be used only for projectors/displays manufactured by the same manufacturer and would be useless in a large-scale system where multiple projectors/displays with different control systems and command types are to be controlled/monitored simultaneously. Some users have independently developed very complicated control software.

In order to eliminate such inconvenience and to promote network-ready projectors/displays, JBMIA has been working on the standardization of protocol used for controlling projectors/displays. Thus, a standard protocol for projectors/displays, "PJLink", was designed.

It will be possible to control/monitor projectors/displays of different manufacturers or models with

single-application software if the projectors/displays support "PJLink" a standard protocol for controlling projectors/displays. As a result, user convenience will be greatly improved. Especially, the time and cost for introducing projectors/displays as part of a system would be reduced, encouraging large-scale introduction of projectors/displays into firms and organizations.

This specification document defines Class 2 specifications which add and review the control command and also add the device search function and the spontaneous state notification function to Class 1, which performs the basic control of the projector/display.

In JBMIA, we plan to define other PJLink Classes tailored to the functions and purposes sequentially.

In "PJLink Class 2," the followings are defined:

- Device search
- Procedure of connecting with a projector/display via network
- Security
- Control command form
- Spontaneous status notification

This document was prepared to complement Japanese document and the Japanese document have a priority to any contents of this document.

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# 2. Command Format

# 2.1. Command line

The structure of a PJLINK command line is as follows:

Hea	der	Command body	Separator	Transmission	Terminator
+ C]	ass		(Space)	parameter	(CR)
2 by	tes	4 bytes	1 byte	128 bytes or less	1 byte

The character strings that make up the PJLink command are all ASCII codes unless otherwise noted. All PJLINK

command lines, without exception, start with '%'.

Added to the PJLINK header '%' is a 1-byte ASCII numeric character that shows the PJLINK class.

In the command prescribed from Class 1, 1 is added, and in the command added from Class 2, 2 is added. The command body is a 4-byte fixed-length string predetermined for each command.

The separator separates the command body from the transmission parameter. In command lines, a blank character

(space: 0x20) is always used as the separator.

The transmission parameter is a variable-length string that can contain up to 128 bytes.

All command lines end with a terminator (carriage return code (CR): 0x0d).

The command body is case-insensitive. The transmission parameter may be case-sensitive when treated as an arbitrary string in accordance with the specifications of each command.

# 2.2. Response line

The structure of a response to a PJLINK command (hereinafter, simply "response") is as follows:

ommand body	ator (=)	sponse parameter	ator (CR)
 4 bytes		28 bytes or less	

The header and class of a response are the same as those of a command.

The command body contains the entire command line received by the projector/display.

The separator separates the command body from the response parameter.

Unlike in the case of a command, '=' (equal: 0x3d) is always used for the separator of a response.

The response parameter contains the description of the response to the command.

The parameter is a variable-length string that can contain up to 128 bytes.

All responses end with a terminator (carriage return code (CR): 0x0d).

The command body is case-insensitive. The response parameter may be case-sensitive when treated as an arbitrary string

in accordance with the specifications of each command.



# 2.3 Set commands

Commands fall into two broad categories: set command and get command.

Set commands are for operating the projector/display and changing the settings of the projector/display.

The parameter of a set command contains setting descriptions defined by the command.

The response parameter of a response to a set command generally contains any of the following response codes.

Detailed specifications of each command are given in Chapter 4.

The undefined command (ERR1) will be returned when received the unsupported commands by projectors/displays.

Definitions	Response codes
Successful execution	ОК
Undefined command	ERR1
Out of parameter	ERR2
Unavailable time	ERR3
Projector/Display failure*	ERR4

\* This is defined as a state in which the projector/display cannot continue to operate properly.

# 2.4 Get commands

The get command is used to obtain the current setting information of and data saved in the projector/display.

The parameter part of a get command contains the '?' character, which identifies itself as a get command.

- If the obtainment of info/data by the get command is successfully completed, the corresponding values are saved into the parameter part of the response based on the specifications of each command.
- If the get command fails, generally any of the response codes listed below will be saved into the parameter part of the response. Detailed specifications of each command are given in Chapter 4.
- If the command cannot be received when stand-by, the same error response as Unavailable Time will be returned. Detail information can be obtained from specifications of each projector/display.

The undefined command (ERR1) will be returned when received the unsupported commands by projectors/displays.

Definitions	Response codes
Undefined command	ERR1
Out of parameter	ERR2
Unavailable time	ERR3
Projector/Display failure*	ERR4

\* This is defined as a state in which the projector/display cannot continue to operate properly.



# 2.5 Format

# Set command

1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	Variable length	1 byte
%	Class	Command	Space	Transmission	Carriage return code (CR)
				parameter	

### [Successful execution] response

L	I				
1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	2 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	OK	Carriage return code (CR)
[Undefined com	mand] response	:			
1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	ERR1	Carriage return code (CR)
[Out of paramete	er] response				
1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	ERR2	Carriage return code (CR)
[Unavailable tim	e] response				
1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	ERR3	Carriage return code (CR)
[Projector/Displa	ay failure] respo	onse			
1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	ERR4	Carriage return code (CR)

### Get command

1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte
	Class	Command	Space	?	Carriage return code (CR)

# [Successful execution] response

1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	Variable length	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	Response	Carriage return code (CR)
				param	
				eter	

[Undefined command] response

1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command		ERR1	Carriage return code (CR)

[Unavailable time] response

1	l byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
Ç	%	Class	Command	=	ERR3	Carriage return code (CR)

[Projector/Display failure] response

1 byte	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte
%	Class	Command	=	ERR4	Carriage return code (CR)



# 3. Protocol

3.1. Control protocol

The TCP/IP protocol is used for communication between the adaptable projector/display and the controlling PC. The projector/display is set as the server and the CONTROLLER as the client. In other words, establishment and termination of communication are determined by the client CONTROLLER (hereinafter, "CONTROLLER").

Port name	pjlink	ТСР	4352 port
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- To operate multiple projectors/displays, the CONTROLLER creates a TCP/IP session per projector/display. The CONTROLLER identifies each projector/display by its IP address.
- The CONTROLLER controls the projector/display by sending PJLINK commands. Upon receiving a command, the projector/display returns a predetermined PJLINK response. Such sending and response attains the smallest unit of controlling communication. Details of PJLINK commands and the responses to them are given in Chapter 4.



# 3.2. Search protocol

The UDP protocol is used for searching a projector/display.

A search start command is sent from the controller side, and the projector/display side transmits a search response after receiving the search start command.

Port name	pjlink	UDP 4352 port

The controller can search the projectors in the network by sending a search start command to the broadcast address (e.g.,

192.168.0.255 when the subnet address is 255.255.255.0, or ff02::1 for IPv6).

In the search response of the projector, the MAC address of the projector is prescribed, and access to the projector can be made based on this information.

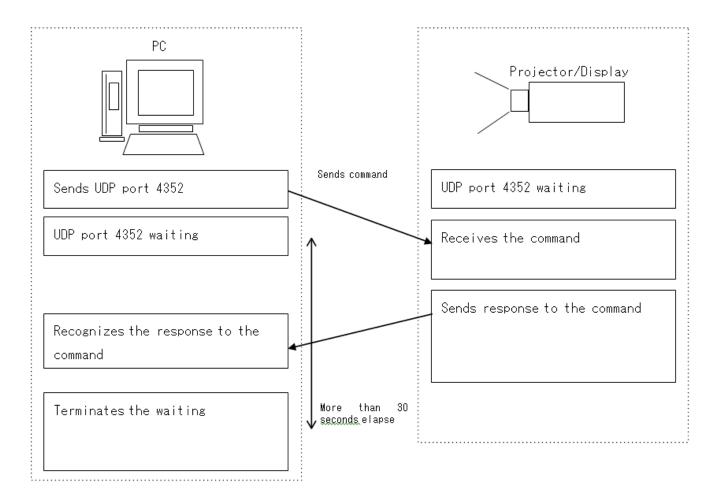
# 3.2.1. Search protocol procedure

The search procedure is as follows.

- 1. A search start command is transmitted to the broadcast address from the controller.
- 2. The controller receives all of the responses from the projectors/displays for 30 seconds.
- 3. After receiving the search start command from the controller, the projector/display transmits a search response in random time (0 to 10 seconds).
- 4. Upon receiving the response, the controller accesses the projector, based on the MAC address in the search response or the information on the IP address for the communication packet.



# Fig. 1 Procedure of search protocol





# 3.2.2 Command descriptions

# Search start instruction

Character code in hexadecima I	25	32	53	52	43	48	0d
Character	, .	2	S	R	С	Н	(CR)

# Search response

Character code in	25	32	41	43	4B	4E	3D		0d
hexadecimal									
Character	%	2	Α	С	K	Ν	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 MAC address of projector/display

The form of MAC address will be xx:xx:xx:xx:xx.



# 3.3. Status Notification Protocol

The UDP protocol is used for noticing the state of the projector/display.

Port name	pjlink	UDP	4352 port	
-----------	--------	-----	-----------	--

As for the IP address registered in advance, the projector/display spontaneously transmits a command to the controller when the state changes.

The state change refers to the following cases.

- At the time of transition to the warm-up state (or at the time of transition to the power on (lamp on) state when there is no warm-up)
- At the time of transition to the cooling state (or at the time of transition to the power off (standby) state when there is no cooling)
- At the time of change to Error condition
- When PJLink communication is ready (when the power cable for the projector/display is connected)
- When input switching is completed

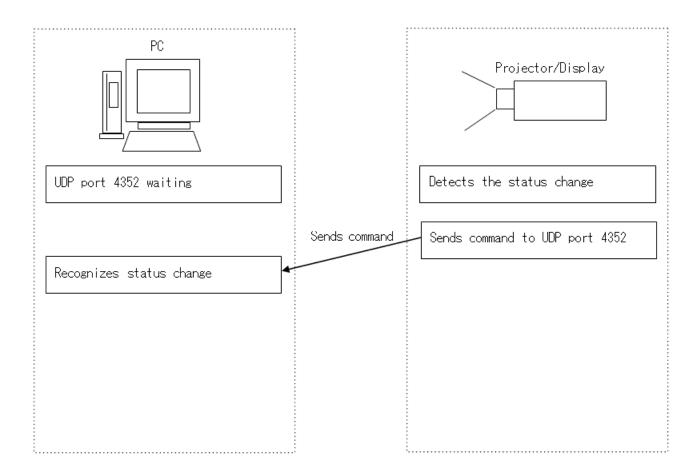
# 3.3.1. Procedure of status notification protocol

The status notification procedure is as follows.

- 1. The projector/display detects a state change.
- 2. The projector/display sends a status notification command to the controller.



# Fig. 2 Procedure of status notify protocol





# 3.3.2 Command descriptions

Status notify command (Linkup status)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	4C	4B	55	50	3D		0d
Character	%	2	L	K	U	Р	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 MAC address of projector/display

The form of MAC address will be xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx.

### Status notify command(Error status)

Character code in hexadecimal	2 5	32	45	52	53	54	3D							0d
Character	%	2	Е	R	S	Т	=	*1	*2	*3	*4	*5	*6	(CR)

\*1 Fan error; any of 0–2

\*2 Lamp error; any of 0–2

\*3 Temperature error; any of 0-2

\*4 Cover open error; any of 0–2

\*5 Filter error; any of 0-2

\*6 Other errors; any of 0–2

0: No error detected or no error detecting function 1:

Warning

2: Error



# Status notify command (Power status)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	50	4F	57	52	3D		0d
Character	%	2	Р	0	W	R	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 Power status

0 : Power-off(standby) status or cooling-down status 1 :

Power-on(lamp-on) status or warm-up status

Status notify command (Input status)

Character code in hexadecimal	2 5	32	49	4E	50	54	3D		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 Input terminal after the change 11~

6Z detail in [4.4 INPT]



# 4. Command Descriptions

# 4.1. Power control instruction POWR

# Power-on (lamp-on) instruction

Character code hexadecimal	$^{in}25$	31	50	$4\mathbf{f}$	57	52	20	31	0d
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	(SP)	1	(CR)
Power-off (standby) ins	truction								
Character code hexadecimal	$^{in}25$	31	50	4f	57	52	20	30	0d
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	(SP)	0	(CR)

### Response

Successful execution (including power-on instruction under power-on status and power-off instruction under power-off

status)												
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	5(	)	4f	57	52	3d	4f	4	b	0d
Character	%	1	P	)	0	W	R	=	0	I	ζ	(CR)
Out-of-parameter												
in	25	31	50	4f	57	52	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
hexadecimal												
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	=	E	R	R	2	(CR)
Unavailable time												
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	50	4f	57	52	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)
Projector/Display failu	ıre											
Character code hexadecimal	$^{in}25$	31	50	4f	57	52	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)

\*Commands are case-insensitive.



# 4.2 Power status query POWR ?

Power status query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	50	4f	57	52	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Р	0	W	R	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Power-off (standby) status

	•												
	Character code in hexade cimal	25	-	31	50	4f	57	52	30	1	30	0d	
	Character	%		1	Р	0	W	R	=		0	(CR)	
Power-or	n (lamp-on) sta	tus											
	Character code in hexade cimal	25		31	50	4f	57	52	30	1	31	0d	
	Character	%		1	Р	0	W	R	=		1	(CR)	
Cooling	status												
	Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	50	4f	57	52	30	1	32	0d	
	Character	%		1	Р	0	W	R	=		2	(CR)	
Warm-up	o status												
	Character code in hexade cimal	25	-	31	50	4f	57	52	30	1	33	0d	
	Character	%		1	Р	0	W	R	=		3	(CR)	
Unavaila	ble time												
	Character code in hexa deci mal	5	31	50	4f	57	52	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
	Character %		1	Р	0	W	R	=	E	R	R	3	(CR)
Projector	/Display failur	e											
	Character code in hexadecimal 25	5	31	50	4f	57	52	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
	Character %		1	Р	0	W	R	=	E	R	R	4	(CR)

\*Commands are case-insensitive.



#### 4.3 Input switch instruction INPT

### Instruction to switch input to RGB (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	31		0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	1	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–	-9									

# Instruction to switch input to RGB (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	20	31		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	Ν	Р	Т	(SP)	1	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–9	and A~Z									

### Instruction to switch input to VIDEO (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	32		0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Г	C (SP)	2	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–	9	-	•			-				

# Instruction to switch input to VIDEO (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	20	32		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	2	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1-9	9 and A~Z	-								

### Instruction to switch input to DIGITAL (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	33		0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	3	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–	9							•		

# Instruction to switch input to DIGITAL (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	20	33		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	3	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–	9 and A~Z									

### Instruction to switch input to STORAGE (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	34		Od
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	4	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1-	-9						•			

# Instruction to switch input to STORAGE (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	20	34		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	Ν	Р	Т	(SP)	4	*1	(CR)
*1: values 1–	9 and A~Z									

### Instruction to switch input to NETWORK (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	35		0d
Character	%	1	Ι	Ν	Р	Т	(SP)	5	*1	(CR)
*1· values 1-	_9			-	L			-	-	

 $r_1$ : values 1–9



# Instruction to switch input to INTERNAL (Class2)

Character         *1: values 1–9 and the second se	31 1 25 31 % 1	2 49 I 49 I 49 I 49 I 1	I 4e N 4e		P 50 P 54 T	T 54 T 3d	(SP) 3d =	6 4f 0	4b K	(CF	d
ponse (Class1) cessful execution Character 25 hexadecimal Character % exsistent input source Character code in hexadecimal Character wailable time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character ector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	31 1 25 31 % 1 <i>y</i> , etc.) 25 31	I 49 I 49	4e     N	50	P 54	T					
Character       25         hexadecimal       25         Character       %         existent input source       Character code         Character code       in hexadecimal         Character       Vailable time (standby         Character code in       hexadecimal	25 31 % 1 /, etc.) 25 31	I 49 I 49	4e     N	50	P 54	T					
Character       25         code in       25         hexadecimal       Character         Character       %         exsistent input source       Character code         Character code       in hexadecimal         Character       Character         exvailable time (standby         Character code in       hexadecimal         Character code in       in         hexadecimal       Character         in bexadecimal       Character         character code in       in         hexadecimal       Character         character code in       in         hexadecimal       Character         character code in       in         hexadecimal       Character	25 31 % 1 /, etc.) 25 31	I 49 I 49	4e     N	50	P 54	T					
Character       25         hexadecimal       Character         Character       %         exsistent input source       Character code         Character code       in hexadecimal         Character code       Character         wailable time (standby         Character code in       hexadecimal	25 31 % 1 /, etc.) 25 31	I 49 I 49	4e     N	50	P 54	T					
code in     2.5       hexadecimal     Character       Character code     %       character code     %       character code     %       available time (standby       Character code in       hexadecimal       Character code in       hexadecimal       Character code in       hexadecimal       Character       jector/Display failure       Character code in       hexadecimal	25 31 % 1 /, etc.) 25 31	I 49 I 49	4e     N	50	P 54	T					
nexistent input source Character code in hexadecimal Character available time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	25 31 % 1 /, etc.) 25 31	49 I 49	4e N	50	54			0	K	(C)	R)
Character code in hexadecimal Character available time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	%         1           y, etc.)         25         31	I 49	N			3d					
Character code in hexadecimal Character available time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	%         1           y, etc.)         25         31	I 49	N			3d					
Character available time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	%         1           y, etc.)         25         31	I 49	N			54	45	52	52	32	0
vailable time (standby Character code in hexadecimal Character ector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	y, etc.) 25 31	49	1			=	E	R	R	2	((
Character code in hexadecimal Character ector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal	25 31		4e						LL		
Character jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal				50	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0
jector/Display failure Character code in hexadecimal			N	P	T	=	E	R	R	3	((
Character code in hexadecimal									L		
	25 31	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	34	(
	% 1	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	E	R	R	4	((
ponse (Class2) cessful execution <sup>Character</sup> code 25	32	49	4e	50	5	54	3d	4f	4b	0d	
hexadecimal	<u> </u>	т	NT	Р		P		~	V		
Character %	2	I	N	P		Γ	= [	0	K	(CR)	
nexistent input source	25 32	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	32	
hexadecimal Character	<u> </u>	I	N N	P	74 T	=	E E	R	R	2	) (0
		1	11	1	1		Ц	N			
available time (standby	,,	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	33	(
Character code in	25 32	+ 7	N	P	T	=	E	R	R	3	((
Character code in hexadecimal	25 32 % 2		1 IN	L							
Character code in hexadecimal Character	25 32 % 2	I	1						L		
hexadecimal	% 2		1N 4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	34	



# 4.4 Input switch query INPT ?

# Input selection query (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	Ν	Р	Т	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Input selection query (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response (Class1)

Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	3d		0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	*1	(CR)
*1: values	s 11–59								

# Unavailable time (input switch underway, standby, etc.)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	E	R	R	3	(CR)
Projector/Display fail	ure											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)

# Response (Class2)

Succ	essful executi	ion								
Bace	Character code in	25	32	49	4e	50	54	3d		0d
	hexadecimal									
	Character	%	2	I	Ν	Р	Т	=	*1	(CR)
	*1: values	11–6Z	·							

# Unavailable time (input switch underway, standby, etc.)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	50	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Р	Т	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.5 Mute instruction AVMT

Character code in	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	31	31	0d
hexadecimal Character	%		1	Α	V	M	Т	(SF	<b>)</b>	1	1	(CR)
Video mute O	FF ins	tructio	n						<u></u>			
Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	31	30	0d
Character	%		1	Α	V	Μ	Т	(SF	<b>)</b> )	1	0	(CR)
Audio mute O	N inst	ruction	1									
Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	32	31	0d
Character	%		1	Α	V	Μ	Т	(SF	<b>)</b>	2	1	(CR)
Audio mute O	FF ins	tructio	n									
Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	32	30	0d
Character	%		1	Α	V	M	Т	(SF	<b>)</b>	2	0	(CR)
Video and aud	io mut	te ON	instruct	tion								
Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	33	31	0d
Character	%		1	Α	V	Μ	Т	(SF	<b>)</b>	3	1	(CR)
Video and aud	io mu	te OFF	instruc	ction								
Character code in hexadecimal	25		31	41	56	4d	54	20	)	33	30	0d
Character	%		1	А	V	М	Т	(SF	<b>P</b> )	3	0	(CR)
sponse Successful exe Character code in hexadecimal	25	3	31	41	56	4d	54	30	1	4f	4b	0d
Character	%		1	A	V	М	Т	=		0	K	(CR)
Out-of-parame	eter											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	41	56	4d	54	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
Character	%	1	A	V	Μ	Т	=	E	R	R	2	(CR
Unavailable ti	me (st	andby,	, etc.)									
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	41	56	4d	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
	%	1	Α	V	M	Т	=	E	R	R	3	(CR
Projector/Disp	olay fa	ilure										
Character Projector/Disp Character code in hexadecimal	olay fa 25	ilure 31	41	56 V	4d	54	3d	45	52	52	34	Od

If the mute function is individually executed or cancelled for the models that do not have audio or video mute functions, "ERR 2" (out of parameter range) is returned.



#### 4.6 Mute status query AVMT ?

Video mute instruction

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	41	56	4d	54	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Α	V	Μ	Т	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	41	56	4d	54	3d	*1	*2	0d
Character	%	1	Α	V	М	Т	=	*	3	(CR)
*1 Values	31-33	*2: valı	ues 30–31							
*3										
Video	mute Ol	N: 11								
Audio	o mute O	N: 21								
Video	and aud	io mute O	N: 31 (mc	dels with	out audio f	unction in	cluded)			
		io mute O					,			
Video Unavailable t										

dby, etc.) (S

Character code in hexadecimal	2	31	41	56	4d	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
	5											
Character	%	1	Α	V	М	Т	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	2 5	31	41	56	4d	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Α	V	М	Т	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



#### 4.7 Error status query ERST?

### Error status query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	45	52	53	54	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Е	R	S	Т	(SP)	?	(CR)

### Response

# Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	2	31	45	52	53	54	3d							0d
Characte r	%	1	E	R	S	Т	=	*1	*2	*3	*4	*5	*6	(CR
*1 Fan error;	any	of 0–2		<u> </u>			<u></u>							)

<sup>6</sup>2 Lamp error; any of 0–2 \*3 Temperature error; any of 0–2

\*4 Cover open error; any of 0–2

\*5 Filter error; any of 0–2

\*6 Other errors; any of 0–2

0: No error detected or no error detecting function 1:

# Warning

2: Error

Unavailable time (lamp ignition underway, etc.)

Indedecimal5IFRST=ERR3(CCharacter%1ERST=ERR3(CProjector/Display failureCharacter code in hexadecimal2 531455253543d455252340			10			,							
Projector/Display failureCharacter code in hexadecimal231455253543d455252340		2 5	31	45	52	53	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character code in hexadecimal         2         31         45         52         53         54         3d         45         52         52         34         0	Character	%	1	E	R	S	Т	=	E	R	R	3	(CR)
in hexadecimal 2 51 45 52 55 54 50 45 52 52 54 0	Projector/Disp	play fa	ailure										
Character % 1 E R S T = E R R 4 (C		5	31	45	52	53	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
	Character	%	1	E	R	S	Т	=	E	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.8 Lamp number/ lighting hour query LAMP ?

# Lamp number and lighting hour query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	L	А	М	Р	(SP)	?	(CR)

### Response

Projector with one lamp

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d	• • •
Character	%	1	L	Α	Μ	Р	=	*1
Character code in hexadecimal	2	0			0d			
Character	(S]	P)	*2	((	CR)			
*1 Usage tin *2 Lamp turn			p: 0–9999 Lamp tu			ngth of	one- to	five-digit number)

Projector with two lamps

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d			
Character	%	1	L	Α	М	Р	=	*1		
Character code in hexadecimal	20	0		20		•	• •	20		0d
Character	(SF	?)	*2	(SP)		×	٤3	(SP)	*4	(CR)
*1 Usage tin	ne of la	amp 1	: 0–999	999 (varia	ble leng	gth of o	ne- to fi	ve-digit number)		
*2 Lamp 1 tt	urned of	on: 1	La	mp 1 turn	ed off:	0				
*3 Usage tin	ne of la	amp 2	: 0–999	999 (varia	ble leng	gth of o	ne- to fi	ve-digit number)		
*4 Lamp 2 ti	urned of	on: 1	La	mp 2 turn	ed off:	0				

Projector with n lamps

5	-										
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d		• • •		
Character	%	1	L	Α	Μ	Р	=		*1		
Character code in hexadecimal	20		20				20		20		•
Character	(SP)	*2	(SP)	*3			(SP)	*4	(SP)	•	
Character code in hexadecimal			20						20		0d
Character		• (S	P)	*n					(SP)	*m	(CR)

\*1 Usage time of lamp 1: 0–99999 (variable length of a one- to five-digit number)

\*2 Lamp 1 turned on: 1 Lamp 1 turned off: 0

\*3 Usage time of lamp 2: 0–99999 (variable length of a one- to five-digit number)

\*4 Lamp 2 turned on: 1 Lamp 2 turned off: 0

. . .

\*n Usage time of lamp n: 0–99999 (variable length of a one- to five-digit number)

\*m Lamp n turned on: 1 Lamp n turned off: 0

Maximum value of n is 8. Maximum length of the parameter is [1 + 8 x n = 65] bytes.

\* Usage time of lamp is always 0 when it is not counted by the projector.



# No lamp

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	1	L	Α	Μ	Р	=	Е	R	R	1	(CR)

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	L	Α	М	Р	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4c	41	4d	50	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	L	Α	М	Р	=	E	R	R	4	(CR)



#### 4.9 Input togaling list query INST 2

4.9 Input toggl	ing list	query	IN	ST ?									
Input toggling list query	y (Class	s1)											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	5	31	49	4e		53		54	20		3f	0d
Character	%	)	1	Ι	N		S		Т	(SP	)	?	(CR)
Input toggling list query	y (Class	s2)											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	5	32	49	4e		53		54	20		3f	0d
Character	%	)	2	Ι	N		S		Т	(SP	)	?	(CR)
Response (Class1)													
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4	.9	4e	53	3	5	4	3d			
Character	%	1	]	Ι	Ν	S		]	Γ	=			
Character code in hexadecimal			20						20				0d
Character		*1	(SP)		*2		• •	•	(SP)		*n		(CR)
<ul> <li>*1 Number of the fin</li> <li>*2 Number of the se</li> <li>*n Number of the n-Maximum value of n i</li> </ul>	cond in th inpu s 50. N	nput soun it source Iaximun	rce avail availab	lable: 1 le: 11–:	1–59 59	r is 9:	5byte	S					
Unavailable time (stand	lby, etc	.)		-									
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	53	-	54	30	d	45	52	52	33
Character	%	1	Ι	N	S		Т	=	-	E	R	R	3
Projector/Display failur	e												
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	53		54	30	d	45	52	52	34
<u></u>	1				(	1							

Ν

Ι

Response (Class?)

Character

%

1

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	53	5	54	3d				
Character	%	2	Ι	N	S	,	T	=				
Character code in hexadecimal			20				20				0d	
Character		*1	(SP)	*2			(SP)		*n		(CR)	
<ul> <li>*1 Number of the first</li> <li>*2 Number of the secc</li> <li>*n Number of the n-th</li> <li>Maximum value of n is 50</li> </ul>	input sou	source ava	ailable: 11–0 able: 11–6Z		oytes							
Jnavailable time (stan	dby, etc	.)										
<u> </u>	25	32	49	4e 5	3 54	4 3	d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character code in hexadecimal												

S

Т

Е

=

R

R

1 Tojector/Display failure	0											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	53	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	S	Т	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)

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4

0d

(CR)

0d

(CR)



# 4.10 Projector/Display name query NAME ?

### Projector/Display name query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4e	41	4d	45	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	N	Α	М	Е	(SP)	?	(CR)

### Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4e	41	4d	45	3d		
Character	%	1	Ν	Α	М	Е	=		
Character code in hexadecimal	*1	*2		• • •				• *n	0d
Character								•	(CR)

\*1 Any character (20 to ff in hexadecimal)

\*2 Any character (20 to ff in hexadecimal)

. . .

\*n Any character (20 to ff in hexadecimal)

It is necessary to use UTF-8 for the character code set. The

value of n is 0–64

If there is no projector/display name, enter (CR) code directly after '='.

Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	4e	41	4d	45	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	N	Α	М	Е	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecima	25	31	4e	41	4d	45	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Characte	er %	1	N	Α	Μ	E	=	E	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.11 Manufacture name information query INF1 ?

### Manufacture name information query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	31	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	1	(SP)	?	(CR)

### Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	31	3d		
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	1	=		
Character code in hexadecimal	*1	*2	• • •	• • • •	• • •		• • •	• *n	0d
Character								•	(CR)

\*1 Any character (20 to 7e in hexadecimal) \*2 Any character (20 to 7e in hexadecimal)

. . .

\*n Any character (20 to 7e in hexadecimal) The

value of n is 0–32.

If there is no manufacture name, enter (CR) code directly after '='.

Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	31	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	Ν	F	1	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	31	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	1	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.12 Product name information query INF2 ?

# Product name information query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	32	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	2	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	9	4e	4	6	•	32		3d					
Character	%	1	I		Ν	F	7		2		=					
Character code in hexadecimal	*1	*2		• • •	•	• •		• •	•		•	• •	*n		0d	
Character			• •		• •	•••	•	•••	•	•••	•	•••			(CR)	
*1 Any charac *2 Any charac *n Any charac	cter (20 t	o 7e in h	exadecii	mal)	e											
value of n is 0 If there is no p	)-32.			code di	rectly a	after '=	='.									
value of n is (	)–32. product n	ame, ent	er (CR)	code di	rectly a	after '=	='.									
value of n is ( If there is no	)–32. product n	ame, ent	er (CR)	code dii 4e	rectly a		='. 32	3	3d	4	5	52		52	33	Od

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	32	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	2	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



#### 4.13 Other information query INFO?

Other information query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	4f	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	0	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

F																
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	)	4e	4	46		4f		3d					
Character	%	1	Ι		Ν		F		0		=					
Character code in hexadecimal	*1	*2		• • •	•		•		•		•	•	•	*n	0d	
Character					•		•	• •	•	• •	•	•	•		(CR)	
*1 Any charac	cter (20 t	o 7e in l	nexadecii	nal)												
*2 Any charac	cter (20 t	o 7e in h	nexadecii	nal)												
*n Any charac	cter (20 t	o 7e in ł	nexadecii	mal) Th	e											
value of n is 0	-32.															
Other information		1 5	-						ture.							
If there is no r	nodel inf	ormatio	n, enter	(CR) co	de di	rectly	after	'='.								
Unavailable tii	me for ar	y reason	n													
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	4	6	4f		3d	4	5		52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	I	7	0		=	E	Ξ		R	R	3	(CR)
Projector/Disp	lay failu	re														

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	49	4e	46	4f	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	Ι	N	F	0	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.14 Class information query CLSS ?

Class information query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	43	4c	53	53	20	3f	0d
Character	%	1	С	L	S	S	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response (Class1)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	43	4c	53	53	3d	31	0d
Character	%	1	С	L	S	S	=	1	(CR)
Class1 model ret	urns 1								

Response (Class2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	43	4c	53	53	3d	32	0d
Character	%	1	С	L	S	S	=	2	(CR)
Class2 model ret	urns 2	L		4	4	<b>k</b>	4	4	

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	43	4c	53	53	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	1	С	L	S	S	=	E	R	R	3	(CR)
Projector/Display	failure											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	31	43	4c	53	53	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	1	С	L	S	S	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.15 Serial number query SNUM?

Serial number query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	4e	55	4d	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	S	N	U	М	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	4e	55	4d	3d		0d
Character	%	2	S	N	U	М	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 Any character of ASCII(20 to 7e in hexadecimal)Character length is 0-32. The serial number information defined by the manufacturer is indicated.

### No serial number information

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	4e	55	4d	3d	0d
Character	%	2	S	Ν	U	Μ	=	(CR)

### Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	5 3	4e	55	4d	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	S	N	U	М	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	53	4e	55	4d	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	S	N	U	М	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



### 4.16 Software version query SVER ?

Software version query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	45	52	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	Е	R	(SP)	?	(CR)

Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	45	52	3d		0d
Character	%	2	S	V	Е	R	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 Any character of ASCII(20 to 7e in hexadecimal)

Character length is 0-32.

The version information of the software defined by the manufacturer is indicated.

Version information can be expressed in any way.

No software version information

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	45	52	3d	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	Е	R	=	(CR)

Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	45	52	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	Е	R	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	45	52	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Charact er	%	2	S	V	E	R	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



### 4.17 Input terminal name query INNM?

Input terminal name query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	20	3f		0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	N	М	(SP)	?	*1	(CR)
D		_					(01)	•	-	

Response

1									
Character code	25	32	49	10	10	1d	34		60
in hexadecimal	23	52	47	4e	4e	4u	Ju	•••	Uu
Character	%	2	Ι	Ν	N	Μ	=	*2	(CR)

\* 1 The numbers of switchable input source 11 to 6Z (terminal numbers that can be acquired with the INST command)

\* 2 Name of input source specified in \* 1 (UTF - 8 character string) Parameter length shall be 128 bytes or less.

Out-of-paran	neter											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	Ν	Ν	М	=	Ε	R	R	2	(CR)

Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	N	М	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Projector/Display failure

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	N	М	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)

INNM needs input source number at the time of the query.

The name of the response will be referred to the input source number.

Input terminal name	Input source number when input terminal query
PC	31(RGB1)
HDMI1	51(Digital1)
HDMI2	52(Digital2)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	20	3f	33	31	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	N	Ν	М	(SP)	?	3	1	(CR)
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	4e	4e	4d	3d	50	43	0d	
Character	%	2	Ι	N	N	М	=	Р	С	(CR)	



# 4.18 Input resolution query IRES ?

# Input resolution query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	R	Е	S	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	3d	
Character	%	2	Ι	R	E	S	=	
Character code in hexadecimal				78		•••		0d
Character		*1		X	\$	*2		(CR)

\* 1 Horizontal resolution of input signal

\* 2 Vertical resolution of input signal

There is no limit on the number of digits.

# No signal input

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	3d	2d	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	R	Е	S	=	-	(CR)

# Unknown signal

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	3d	2a	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	R	Е	S	=	*	(CR)

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	R	Е	S	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	49	52	45	53	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	Ι	R	Е	S	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.19 Recommend resolution query RRES?

# Recommended resolution query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	52	45	53	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	R	R	Е	S	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	52	45	53	3d	
Character	%	2	R	R	Е	S	=	
Character code in hexadecimal				78				0d
Character		*1		X	*	2		(CR)

\* 1 Horizontal recommend resolution

\* 2 Vertical recommend resolution

There is no limit on the number of digits.

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	52	45	53	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	R	R	Е	S	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	52	45	53	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	R	R	Е	S	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.20 Filter usage time query FILT ?

Filter usage time query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	49	4c	54	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	F	Ι	L	Т	(SP)	?	(CR)

Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	49	4c	54	3d		Od
Character	%	2	F	Ι	L	Т	=	* 1	(CR)

\*1 Filter usage time: 0–99999 (variable length of one- to five-digit number)

Filter usage time is always 0 when it is not counted by the projector.

No filter

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	49	4c	54	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	2	F	Ι	L	Т	=	Е	R	R	1	(CR)

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	49	4c	54	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	F	Ι	L	Т	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	49	4c	54	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	F	Ι	L	Т	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



## 4.21 Lamp replacement model number query RI

RLMP?

## Lamp replacement model number query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	4c	4d	50	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	R	L	М	Р	(SP)	?	(CR)

# Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	4c	4d	50	3d		0d
Character	%	2	R	L	М	Р	=	* 1	(CR)

# \*1 Lamp replacement model number. Maximum length of

the parameter is 128 bytes.

If there are multiple replacement model numbers, they are separated by (SP).

## No replacement model number

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	4c	4d	50	3d	0d
Character	%	2	R	L	М	Р	=	(CR)

## Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	4c	4d	50	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	R	L	М	Р	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	4c	4d	50	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	R	L	М	Р	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.22 Filter replacement model number query RFIL ?

Filter replacement model number query

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	46	49	4c	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	R	F	Ι	L	(SP)	?	(CR)

Response

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	46	49	4c	3d		0d
Character	%	2	R	F	Ι	L	=	* 1	(CR)

\*1 Filter replacement model number. Maximum length of the parameter is 128 bytes.

If there are multiple replacement model numbers, they are separated by (SP).

## No replacement model number

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	46	49	4c	3d	0d
Character	%	2	R	F	Ι	L	=	(CR)

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	46	49	4c	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	R	F	Ι	L	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	52	46	49	4c	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	R	F	Ι	L	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



## 4.23 Speaker volume adjustment instruction SVOL

## Speaker volume adjustment instruction

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	4f	4c	20		0d
Character	%	2	S	V	0	L	(SP)	* 1	(CR)

\* 1 Specify 0 to decrease the speaker volume by one level from the current level Specify 1 to increase the speaker volume by one level from the current level

## Response

Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	4f	4c	3d	4f	4b	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	0	L	=	0	K	(CR)

## If a speaker is not installed

Character code in						_						
hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	0	L	=	Е	R	R	1	(CR)
Out-of-param	eter											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	0	L	=	Е	R	R	2	(CR)
Unavailable t Character code in hexadecimal	1me for 25	any rea 32	son 53	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	S	V	0	L	=	E	R	R	3	(CR)
Projector/Dis	nlav fai	lure	1	1	1							
I IUJECIUI/DIS									7	Y	·····	
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	53	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	34	0d

\* As for a specification to increase the speaker volume by one level when it is in the maximum state, and a specification to decrease the speaker volume by one level when it is in the minimum state, the response for a normal case is returned.

Here, the volume related to audio output (audio out, built-in speaker in equipment model, etc.) is referred to as the speaker volume.



## 4.24 Microphone volume adjustment command MVOL

Microphone volume adjustment instruction

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	4d	56	4f	4c	20		0d
Character	%	2	М	V	0	L	(SP)	* 1	(CR)

\*1 Specify 0 to decrease the microphone volume by one level from the current level Specify 1 to increase the microphone volume by one level from the current level

#### Response

## Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	4d	56	4f	4c	3d	4f	4b	0d
Character	%	2	М	V	0	L	=	0	K	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	4d	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	2	М	V	0	L	=	E	R	R	1	(CR
Out-of-param	eter											
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	4d	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
Character	%	2	Μ	V	0	L	=	Е	R	R	2	(CR)
Unavailable t Character code in hexadecimal	ime for 25	any rea	son 4d	56	4f	4c	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character code in	1	1	[	56 V	4f O	4c L	3d =	45 E	52 R	52 R	33 3	0d (CR)
Character code in hexadecimal	25 %	32 2	4d									
Character code in hexadecimal Character	25 %	32 2	4d									

# \* As for a specification to increase the microphone volume by one level when it is in the maximum state, and a specification to decrease the microphone volume by one level when it is in the minimum state, the response for a normal case is returned.

Here, the volume related to voice input (audio in, microphone terminal to be input to the model, etc.) is referred to as the microphone volume.



## 4.25 Freeze instruction FREZ

## Freeze instruction

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	20		0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	(SP)	*1	(CR)

\*1 Specify 1 to freeze the screen Specify

0 to cancel freeze

# Response

Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	4f	4b	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	0	K	(CR)

# Not supported

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	1	(CR)

# Out-of-Parameter

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	32	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	2	(CR)

# Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 4.26 Freeze status query FREZ ?

Freeze status query

1	2								
Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	20	3f	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	(SP)	?	(CR)

## Response

Successful execution

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d		0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	*1	(CR)

\*1 Freeze status

Freeze status ON: 1

Freeze status OFF:0

# Not Supported

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	31	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	1	(CR)

Unavailable time for any reason

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	33	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	3	(CR)

Character code in hexadecimal	25	32	46	52	45	5a	3d	45	52	52	34	0d
Character	%	2	F	R	Е	Ζ	=	Е	R	R	4	(CR)



# 5. Authentication

# 5.1 Authentication procedure

To enter into communication with each other using PJLINK commands, both the projector/display and the CONTROLLER must carry out the authentication procedure in advance. The method used for skipping the authentication procedure is explained in Chapter 5.2.

An authentication procedure is executed once after each establishment of TCP/IP connection. Without passing through the authentication procedure, the projector/display will not accept PJLINK commands and subsequent operations.

The authentication procedure involves a password verification process. A password message sent to the network will be converted into a 32-byte encrypted message with a random number assigned by the projector/display, and the MD5 algorithm.

The password and other parameters to be used in authentication must meet the following requirements:

Parameter	Requirement
Password	32 or fewer ASCII alphanumeric characters
Random numbers	4-byte integer numbers (8 ASCII lowercase characters in hexadecimal notation)
Encrypted message	32-byte ASCII string

The steps of the authentication procedure are as follows:

1. The CONTROLLER connects to the projector/display.

2. The projector/display returns a response in the form of (1-1). The response includes the header 'PJLINK', a '1' indicating authentication procedure, and a random number sequence.

3. After receiving the response, the CONTROLLER transmits a PJLINK command line, at the beginning of which the encrypted password is presented in the form of (1-2). The encryption procedure is described in (1-3).

4. The projector/display verifies the received encrypted password against the password encrypted by the projector/display itself. If verified, it will be able to receive PJLINK commands in the TCP/IP session. If the projector/display fails to receive the password within 30 seconds after the (1-1) response transmission, the projector/display forcibly terminates the connection through the timeout procedure and returns to a standby state.

5. If the password is verified, the projector/display sends a response to the PJLINK command, and keeps the TCP session alive. If the password is invalid, the projector/display will send an error response in the form of (1-4) to the CONTROLLER and will wait until the CONTROLLER terminates the connection. If the CONTROLLER fails to disconnect, the projector/display will automatically terminate the connection 30 seconds after sending the error response.

The following are examples using the password and random number:

Password	JBMIAProjectorLink
Random number	0x498e4a67



## (1-1) Response from the projector/display

	-		-	5	-	•												
Character code in hexadecimal	50	4a	4c	49	4e	4b	20	31	20	34	39	38	65	34	61	36	37	0d
Character	Р	J	L	Ι	N	K	(SP)	1	(SP)	4	9	8	e	4	а	6	7	(CR)

## (1-2) Encrypted password

Character code in hexadecimal	35	64	38	34	30	39	62	63	31	63	33	66	61	33	39	37
Character	5	d	8	4	0	9	b	c	1	c	3	f	а	3	9	7

34	39	34	33	34	61	61	33	61	35	63	33	38	36	38	32
4	9	4	3	4	а	а	3	a	5	с	3	8	6	8	2

25	31	50	4f	57	52	20	31	0d
%	1	Р	0	W	R	(SP)	1	(CR)

# (1-3) Encryption procedure

The password string "JBMIAProjectorLink" is added to the end of the random sequence "498e4a67" issued by the projector/display. The digest of the resultant string "498e4a67 JBMIAProjectorLink" is carried out with the MD5 algorithm.

In hexadecimal notation, the result will be "5d8409bc1c3fa39749434aa3a5c38682".

## (1-4) Invalid password error message

Character code in hexadecimal	50	4a	4c	49	4e	4b	20	45	52	52	41	0d
Character	Р	J	L	Ι	N	K	(SP )	Е	R	R	Α	(CR)

## (ERRA represents ERR or Authorization)

Note that in the PJLINK authentication procedure the password and the first command are transmitted at the same time. The resultant data to be sent is as shown in (1-2). When the projector/display receives the data shown in (1-2), it checks only the first 32 bytes for password verification. If the password is verified, the projector/display accepts the 33<sup>rd</sup> byte and the following bytes as a PJLINK command. If the password is invalid, it will send an invalid password error message in the form shown in (1-4) and ignore the 33<sup>rd</sup> and following bytes.



## 5.2 No authentication procedure (Security nullification)

The password authentication procedure may be skipped upon such user setting (security nullification).

If the projector/display does not have a password saved or the security function of the projector/display is turned off, the projector/display transmits (1-5) as the first response after communication. Upon receipt of this response, the CONTROLLER skips the authentication procedure. Also, the CONTROLLER can transmit the first PJLINK command without adding an encrypted password.

Note that in the case of no random number issued by the projector/display, the execution of user authentication is disabled.

(1-3) K	(1-5) Response from projector/display (security OFF)								
Character code	50	4a	4c	49	4e	4b	20	30	0d
in hexadecimal									
Character	Р	J	L	Ι	N	K	(SP)	0	(CR)

(1-5) Response from projector/display (security OFF)

## 5.3 Continuous command transmissions on the same connection

The CONTROLLER is able to transmit PJLINK commands continuously within 30 seconds after the transmission of the projector's/display's last response, as long as the TCP connection is alive. The CONTROLLER can transmit a command any number of times within 30 seconds after transmission by the projector/display of each response to command.

However, if multiple commands are transmitted before receiving the projector's/display's response, the projector's/display's response to and execution of these commands are not guaranteed.

As for the transmission of the second or subsequent PJLINK commands, the encrypted password string to be presented to the command for the authentication procedure may be omitted, although there is no problem adding the encrypted password to the second or subsequent command transmission.

## 5.4 Disconnection

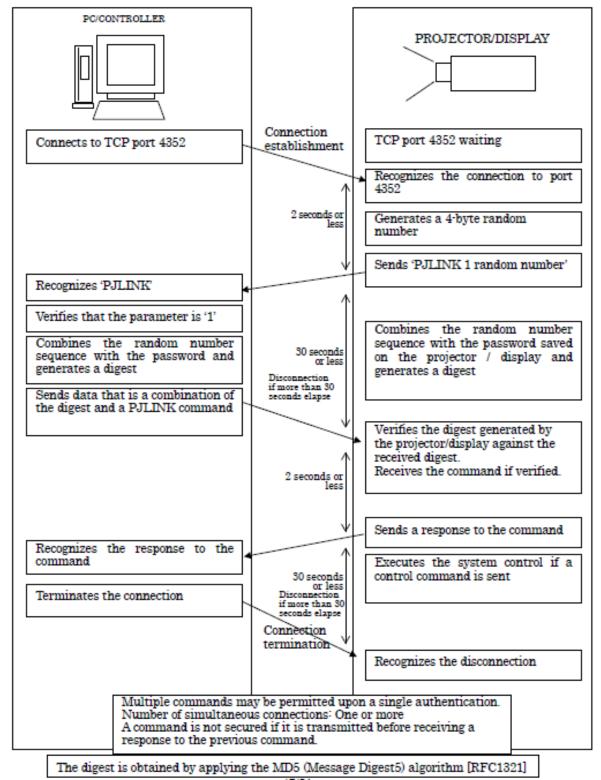
The CONTROLLER must terminate the TCP connection as soon as the required command transmission is completed. If somehow the CONTROLLER terminates the connection or the projector/display fails to receive a new PJLINK command within 30 seconds after the transmission of the projector's/display's last response, the projector/display is to perform timeout processing.

By this timeout processing, the projector/display forcibly terminates the TCP connection, releases the resources, and returns to a standby state.

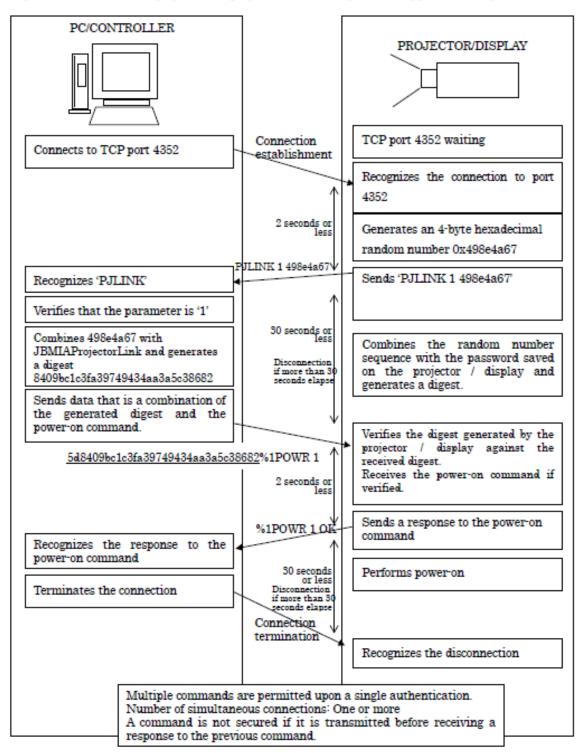
Examples of the connection sequence are shown in Figs. 1 to 3 below.



## Fig. 1: Projector/Display security is active]



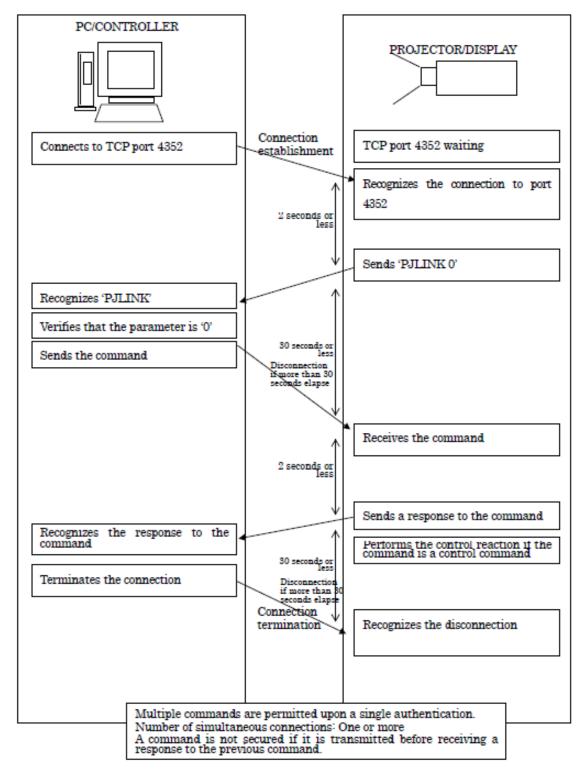




## Fig. 2: Power ON with the projector's/display's authentication procedure applied (Security ON)]



## Fig. 3: No authentication procedure of the projector/display (Security OFF)]





# 6. Application Conventions

Constraints on the use of PJLink are as follows:

## [Connection method]

This command is for network connection only and does not support other connections such as serial port and USB connections.

# [ About IPv6 address ]

• Since it is possible to assign multiple IPv6 addresses to one device, it is necessary to clarify which one is to be used. Generally, the priority is determined and returned based on the IPv6 address selection policy table described in RFC 3484.

Prefix	Precedence	Label
::1/128	50	0
::/0	40	1
2002::/16	30	2
::/96	20	3
::ffff:0:0/96	10	4

Reference Table RFC3484 IPv6 Default address selection policy table

# [Authentication]

When the security mode of the projector/display is active, it is necessary to perform the authentication procedure. Without successful authentication, none of the commands can be used. For details of the authentication procedure, refer to [5. Authentication].

However, 3.2 search protocols and 3.3 state protocols added from Class 2 communicate without authentication procedures.

# [Receiving time]

Commands sent within the following periods of time are not guaranteed to transmit successfully:

Approximately 10 seconds (\*2) immediately after the projector/display starts power-on (\*1) When the

projector/display switches the signal (\*3)

Time interval between the projector's/display's reception of a command and its issuance of a response command

Time interval between the projector's/display's completion of lamp cooling and its change of status to standby

\*1: The timing of the projector's/display's status change from standby to video projection

\*2: Refer to the specification of the projector/display.

\*3: Signal switching due to input terminal switch and input signal change included.



[Simultaneous connection]

• The number of CONTROLLERs to be connected simultaneously varies with the projector/display model. Refer to the specifications of the projector/display.

- Simultaneous commands from multiple CONTROLLERs are not guaranteed to transmit successfully.

- As for commands transmitted from multiple CONTROLLERs, the last received command will be effective.

## [Automatic disconnection]

The projector/display terminates the connection if it does not receive a command within 30 seconds after establishment of the connection or after the issuance of a response command.

## [Response method]

The projector/display issues a response command within 2 seconds (\*1) after receiving a command. However, it will not issue a response command when it receives a command that does not meet command format requirements. See Chapter 2 for the command format requirements.

\*1:Refer to the specifications of the projector/display.

## [Search protocol]

• Since it is a protocol using UDP, there is a possibility that the search start command of the application does not reach the projector/display, or the search response does not reach the application.

• When it is immediately after activation of the projector/display, the search response may not be available.

[Status Notification Protocol]

• Since it is a protocol using UDP, the status notification of the projector/display may not reach the application.

• The number of host addresses that can be registered as a notification destination is at least 1, and no further specification is made in this specification with respect to more addresses. Refer to the specifications of each projector/display.

• Any mechanism such as the mechanism of changing notification destination for each state of occurrence is not prescribed in this specification. Refer to the specifications of each projector/display.

Adding commands or parameters specified in this specification, or using them for different purposes is prohibited.